

C02 Safety In Restaurants, Bars And Private Events Stats and Facts



FACTS

Certainly, here are the hazards of C02 safety in restaurants, bars, and private events summarized into short points:

- **Asphyxiation Risk:** C02 buildup can displace oxygen in poorly ventilated spaces, leading to suffocation and potentially death.
- **Acute Health Effects:** Breathing elevated C02 levels can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and confusion, with prolonged exposure increasing the risk of unconsciousness.
- **Increased Fire Hazard:** C02 accumulation can reduce oxygen levels, raising the risk of fires and hindering combustion support.
- **Equipment Malfunction:** Improper handling or malfunction of C02-containing equipment can lead to leaks or spills, posing immediate dangers.
- **Lack of Awareness:** Many individuals may not recognize C02 hazards or symptoms of poisoning, delaying appropriate response measures.
- **Emergency Situations:** Panic or confusion during C02-related incidents can complicate emergency response efforts, potentially leading to further injuries.

STATS

- While not directly related to C02, incidents of carbon monoxide (C0) poisoning in commercial establishments, including restaurants and bars, are sometimes reported. C0 poisoning can occur due to faulty gas appliances, inadequate ventilation, or other factors. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), unintentional C0 exposure accounts for an estimated 50,000 emergency department visits annually in the United States.
- In Canada, the safety of carbon dioxide (C02) in restaurants, bars, and venues is a critical concern, especially since the pandemic. Indoor air quality monitoring guidelines have been added by several states and localities, as indoor C02 levels can serve as an indicator of overall air quality for customer health and safety. C02 gas levels above 5% (50,000 ppm) by volume in indoor air can be fatal, making C02 safety a top concern for any commercial restaurant or bar. Prolonged or concentrated exposure to C02 can cause death, and it is crucial to be aware of the signs and symptoms of C02 exposure, as the gas itself is undetectable without proper tools.
- The Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry has set workplace safety

standards of 10,000 ppm for an 8-hour period and 30,000 ppm for a 15-minute period. These standards were developed for healthy working adults and may not be appropriate for sensitive populations, such as children and the elderly.